

ACTING DIRECTOR'S REPORT
January 1964 - September 1964.

Institute for Social Research

University of Natal

(i)

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REPORT FOR 1964

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It gives me pleasure to report on the activities of this Institute for the period from the 1st of January to the 30th September, 1964. I do not report for a full 12 month period since the Director's report for 1963, which was presented during March of 1964, did in fact embrace the period up to the 31st December of last year.

1964 has been a bumper year for the Institute as regards research activity. It has also been a very busy year for the staff of the Institute in the absence of a Director, due to Professor Badenhorst's departure at the end of March. None-the-less, it has been a successful year with excellent progress having been made on the various research projects, and several new research reports and publications appearing.

COMPLETED PROJECTS:

The following projects have recently been completed -

A Sociological Analysis of Suicide in Durban between the Years 1924 - 1960. This study, sponsored by the National Council for Social Research, was undertaken by Mrs. Fatima Meer, under the supervision of Professor Hansi Pollak. It involved an analysis of inquest court reports on suicides for the period mentioned, in terms of such variables as age, sex, income, marital status, occupation, religion and socio-economic region, as well as factors such as methods of suicide employed, time and climatic factors,

stated causes of suicide, personality traits, and the social situation of suicides.

Noteworthy findings include the fact that among Non-Whites in Durban, the suicide rate is higher for women than for men, and higher for the lower status groups as opposed to the higher. This represents a distinct reversal of trends obtained elsewhere. Another surprising finding is that the suicide rates for Non-Whites exceed those of Whites, contrary to trends established in Johannesburg. Of interest are the very high rates of suicide among adolescent Non-White girls, especially Indians. The most common method of suicide employed here is that of the women setting themselves a light.

This report is presently being produced and will appear during November.

African Concepts of Time and Space. This project has been conducted under the supervision of Professor R. C. Albino, with Mr. H. W. Page engaged in the research. The study included both rural and urban African subjects, in order to determine whether any fundamental differences in the thinking of the two groups does exist. Results have been most interesting; (I quote from a mid-year progress report by Professor Albino): "The general conclusion is that there are no differences in performance (as regards concepts of space), between urban and rural individuals, but in both groups concepts of measurement and of a homogeneous and isotropic space have not been attained". As regards concepts of time: "The general finding is that the accuracy of reproduction (of temporal rythms) is very

high in both groups, and that the groups do not differ markedly".

This material has been written up for publication. In addition a further experiment has been designed for the purpose of investigating more complex concepts. This is expected to be completed by the end of the year. A further study is planned for which funds have been applied for. This will be mentioned more fully below.

Umgeni, Umbilo and Umlazi Catchment Areas Project.

Mr. John Laredo's report on patterns of socio-economic transition in parts of the area with particular reference to land tenure and authority, has been stencilled and is ready for reproduction bar certain maps and diagrams. Some delay is anticipated in the preparation of these, but as soon as they have been included copies of the report will be despatched to the N. C. S. R.

NEW PUBLICATIONS AND REPORTS:

The following are publications based on research which was completed before January 1964, which have subsequently been produced for sale by the Institute.

H. F. Dickie-Clark: The Marginal Situation: A Sociological Study of a Coloured Group.

Theresa E. Vieyra Currin: The Roman Catholic Indian Minority, with special emphasis on the Sociological aspects of Conversion.

The report below was based on a preliminary survey which is part of a larger ongoing project.

L. Schlemmer: The Public Image of the South African Sugar Industry; Report No. 1: A Discussion of the Concept of Image as applied to Industry, and the results of a preliminary study conducted in Johannesburg. (Confidential Report).

CONTINUING STUDIES:A: N. C. S. R. PROJECTS -1. Domestic Servants Project.

This project was commenced in 1962 and has covered an extremely wide field of problems. It deals with the relationships between employers and their female domestic servants, and has been conducted in regions of differing socio-economic status. It is supervised by Professor Eileen Krige with Mrs. Eleanor Preston-Whyte, assisted by Miss Mavis Gumede, engaged on the research.

A further grant of R1,760.00 was made available by the N. C. S. R. for continuation of the project during 1964/65. As a result of this the study has been extended to include an investigation of the social circumstances, living patterns and recreational habits of part-time domestic servants who live in the townships. To this end a joint sample survey was undertaken in a major township, Kwa Mashu, in collaboration with the research staff of the Durban Non-European Children's Fund Planning Survey. The data obtained from this survey are being processed at present. The project will also include a study among African domestic servants employed by Indians.

The project will be completed during 1965.

2. Social Organisation and the Relation of Man to His Environment in Tongaland.

This study is being conducted under the supervision of Dr. Argyle, with Mr. W. S. Felgate employed on the research.

Tongaland is situated in the north-eastern corner of Zululand, and is of interest from many points of view. The Tembe-Tonga are in many ways culturally unique, and their skills in agriculture, craftsmanship and trade have influenced neighbouring cultures.

Today, industrial developments, stricter supervision of the Mozambique border and other factors are likely to cause considerable changes in established patterns in the area, and may create serious problems. It is felt that an understanding of the sources of subsistence, the social organisation, and the present material and social conditions in the area will be of great value in the solution of problems which may arise with rapid social change - and this quite apart from the intrinsic theoretical value of such a study.

Great difficulties have been experienced by the fieldworker who has to camp in the area permanently while conducting the research. These difficulties include the problem of transport in an area where poor roads or no roads exist, as well as the problem of gaining adequate rapport with local informants under difficult circumstances. Mr. Felgate is tenacious and persevering however, and the study is expected

to be very successful. As will be outlined later, the N. C. S. R. has been approached for an additional grant for a further year, and the application being successful, the study should be completed by the end of 1966 or early in 1967.

3. The Prestige of Occupations in South Africa.

This is a three year project for which a sum of R18,000.00 was approved by the N.C.S.R. It commenced at the beginning of 1964 and is being conducted under the guidance of a Supervisory Committee composed of Dr. C. W. Wright of the Bureau for Educational and Social Research, Professor O. P. F. Horwood, the Director and the Senior Research Fellow of this Institute (the Acting Director taking the place of the Director for the time being).

The study is to be conducted among a nation wide cross section of Whites, including both adults and school children about to enter the labour force. The study is aimed broadly at investigating the prestige which the public attach to a representative range of occupations, and the relationship between occupational prestige and other determinants of status and the class structure in South Africa. Similar studies conducted in the U. S. A. and the U. K. have proved to be of inestimable importance both theoretically and in providing a systematic and valid basis for the measurement of status.

A long term project of this nature and extent requires considerable preparation both as regards the study of relevant theory and previous research, and as regards the design of adequate sampling schemes, the planning of fieldwork, and the construction of instruments for the collection of data. Work has been progressing along these lines.

A good deal of unstructured interviewing has been conducted in order to guide in the construction of questionnaires and research objectives, and hypothesis have been progressively refined.

It is anticipated that an initial sample survey will be launched in Durban at the end of this year, and that the rest of the country will be covered in progressive stages.

4. The Attitudes of White Employers to the Indian Industrial Worker.

The progress of this complex study has been very favourable indeed. A stratified sample of over 80 industrial firms was drawn and members of management concerned with employment policy and recruitment interviewed in each firm. The co-operation obtained from industrialists has been most gratifying and very few firms (4 in fact), have refused to grant interviews.

The fieldwork has required a considerable degree of skill and tact and in this respect Mr. L. Douwes Dekker, who is employed on the project, has done ex-

tremely well.

Preliminary investigations revealed the need for some broadening of the scope of the project to include among other things, analyses of the levels of skill required among workers, the training of workers and patterns of recruitment, and certain structural characteristics of worker-management relations. These aspects appeared to have important bearing on employment policy with regard to Indians, in addition to the problem of attitudes with which the study is largely concerned.

This study, which it is hoped will shed some light on the reasons for the present serious unemployment among Indians in Durban, quite apart from its theoretical importance, will be completed by March 1965.

PROJECTS SPONSORED BY PRIVATE FIRMS AND ORGANISATIONS:1. The Public Image of the South African Sugar Industry.

This project was commissioned by the South African Sugar Association and was initiated by the previous director, Professor L. T. Badenhorst, and taken over by myself. A sum of R15,000.00 was made available to finance a nation-wide investigation of attitudes toward various aspects of the Sugar Industry among a complete cross-section of Europeans in South Africa.

Image studies of this nature have gained increasing popularity throughout the industrialised world as a means of providing objective facts which aid management in building sound policies with regard to marketing and advertising, recruitment of personnel, public relations and community services. A company's or an industry's public image can affect almost every facet of its operation and activities.

A sample of over 2,500 respondents spread over the entire country was employed. The fieldwork commenced during July and was completed three weeks ago. The bulk of the data is being processed and tabulated at present. One report based on a preliminary survey conducted in Johannesburg has already been submitted to the sponsors, and the final reports are expected to be completed by the end of January, 1965.

Extremely rich and varied responses have been obtained from respondents interviewed on this project,

and it seems certain that the final reports will contain a wealth of very useful data.

2. The Durban Non-European Childrens' Fund Planning Survey.

This project was commissioned by the above mentioned organisation with funds to the amount of R6,000.00 obtained from the Oxford Famine Relief Organisation. It is being jointly supervised by Professor Hansi Pollak, Dr. Ron Davies and the Acting Director, with Mrs. Anne McGhee and Miss Margaret Young responsible for conducting the research. The aim is to establish the present and future nutritional requirements of African children in Durban and its environs, in terms of variables such as age, area, income groups etc. In addition, the inquiry covers the present administration and co-ordination of relief services with a view to providing facts to guide the best possible utilisation of resources.

The two research assistants have collected a wealth of information to date. Both have been severely handicapped by either the absence, paucity or the inaccuracy of official population and health statistics for the area concerned. These limitations have largely been overcome by sheer hard work in going to official records of various types and to clinic and hospital records in order to compile the necessary statistics. A sample survey has been conducted in Kwa Mashu which will not only provide useful information

in itself, but will also serve as a guide in the interpretation of the official statistics.

Essential comparative data has been collected by Mrs. McGhee in Johannesburg, Pretoria and the East Rand, and Miss Young is at present employing the new University computer very effectively for estimating the growth of the African population until the year 2000.

The project will be completed by the 31st March, 1965.

3. Epidemiological Study of Enuresis.

Dr. Zelda Jacobson's study of the differential incidence of enuresis among children in various ethnic and socio-economic and cultural groups has been completed. The final report, which is now being prepared, is awaited with interest.

APPLICATIONS FOR NEW GRANTS:

N.C.S.R. Ad Hoc Grants.

The following applications were submitted to the N.C.S.R. during 1964.

1. Cognition Project.

As mentioned previously, an application was submitted for funds to enable this valuable research project to be continued during 1965 and 1966/1967. The aim of Professor Albino who is the supervisor of the project, is to embark on a more extensive investigation of the conceptual systems of rural and urban Africans. Such a study of the fundamental systems of logic and ways of thinking of the groups of Africans may throw valuable light on the results obtained thusfar.

Altogether, a sum of R5,450.00 for the two years has been applied for.

2. Tongaland Project.

In view of the complexity of the social organisation and the difficulties encountered in conducting the fieldwork in this area, the supervisor, Dr. Argyle, considered it wise to attempt to extend the period of the fieldwork from one to two years. For this reason, an additional sum of R3,310.00 has been applied for which, if granted, will enable the fieldwork to continue during 1965/66, deferring the analysis and reporting to 1966/67.

3. A Study of Certain Values, Attitudes and Aspirations among selected groups of African Girls undergoing Secondary Education in the Durban Area.

This is an entirely new project for which funds have been applied for. The project will be supervised by Dr. W. J. Argyle and Professor Eileen Krige.

The research will cover such topics as the social background of the girls; their attitudes to kinship and the family, to courtship and marriage, to health and hygiene, to town and rural life, to material wealth; their religious and moral values; their patterns of social participation; and their attitudes with regard to schooling, future occupations, and community service.

These topics will be considered against the known background of the place of women in traditional African society and comparative data will be obtained for girls with little or no schooling.

An important objective will be to assess the formative effects of education in determining the girls' conceptions of their prospective role in the community.

Little research has hitherto been done with regard to educated African girls. Yet, undoubtedly, many problems of adjustment caused by role-conflict face these girls. In pursuing their new aspirations they continually have to attempt to reconcile these with older customs and the lingering effect of their tribal role.

15.

The research will be conducted in four different types of schools, selected on the basis of rural or urban orientation and other factors.

If funds are granted, the study will run for approximately 18 months, commencing in March of 1965. The total cost will be R2,200.00

The Institute will learn of the outcome of these applications early in November.

OTHER PROPOSED RESEARCH AND FUNDS APPLIED FOR:Proposed study of Race Relations and Community Organisation on the Agricultural Settlement Schemes in Mozambique.

In June of this year two applications were made for funds to enable the Institute to conduct research as outlined above in Mozambique. Mr. J. L. Torres, who is uniquely fitted for this type of research by virtue not only of his ability, but also because of his knowledge of Portuguese, is intended to conduct the research. Applications were submitted to the International African Institute in London, and to the Institute for the Study of Man in Africa, in Johannesburg. The result has been disappointing: the response from the former being negative, while the Institute for the Study of Man in Africa has only been able to approve a sum of R150.00

None-the-less, this small sum will enable research to commence during July of 1965, while other funds are being sought.

This study could prove to be extremely valuable as the settlement schemes in Mozambique represent a unique experiment in race relations. Members of both White and Non-White groups are allowed to possess portions of irrigated land under exactly the same conditions, and the observations of Mr. Torres and of others would suggest that the problems of inter-racial competition and friction feared elsewhere, have never arisen.

A further aspect of interest is the relationship between Bantu tribal law and custom and the western freehold system (with the individual achievement motive implicit).

It is hoped that the Institute's further efforts to raise funds will lead to a successful conclusion of this project.

Proposed Study of Factors relating to Employment within the Nursing Profession in Natal.

The problem of shortages in nursing personnel has manifested itself all over the Republic. The Institute has on its staff at present, Mrs. Anne McGhee, who has wide experience of research in the fields of nursing and the sociology of medicine.

A few weeks ago Mrs. McGhee and the Acting Director approached the Director of Hospital Services for Natal, and later saw the Assistant Director of Hospital Services, the Chief of Nursing Services, and the Acting Matron of Grey's Hospital, in order to discuss the possibility of conducting applied research in this sphere. The response was extremely favourable and we are at present drafting a more detailed proposal to submit, through the appropriate channels, to the Provincial Council with the hope of raising funds. Other avenues of raising funds are also being investigated, including the possibility of approaching the large drug houses.

If our attempts meet with success, the research will

include the following broad and tentative topics -

- a] The staffing position in the major hospitals in the province;
- b] means of recruitment of trainee nurses, and avenues of recruitment analysed in relation to the availability of potential recruits in the population. Included here will be a study of means of selection and of the social and background characteristics of recruits;
- c] problems with regard to "in service training" and the effects of the dual obligation to both ward duty and examinations on the trainee nurses;
- d] wastage rates of student and trained staff as well as a detailed analysis of the motives and underlying reasons for nurses leaving the service of hospitals;
- e] conditions of service and wages as related to staff satisfaction and labour turnover;
- f] formal and informal hospital organisation and characteristics of supervision as related to staff satisfaction, morale, and labour turnover;
- g] attitudes toward nursing and perceptions of the nurses role among potential recruits, new recruits, and among experienced nurses.

The study should be conducted in both training and non-training hospitals, urban and rural establishments, and in establishments catering for different types of need. A full-scale investigation of this nature would require approximately three years to complete. However,

if only limited funds become available, a preliminary investigation of some of the more important aspects of the problem could be made in selected establishments within a period of 12 months.

OTHER:

There exists a possibility that the Institute may have the opportunity of embarking on some additional research in the field of nutrition. Nothing final has as yet been arranged however, and the outcome will have to be reported later.

Dr. J. F. Holleman, well known to you all as a former colleague and a previous director of the Institute, and at present the Director of the Afrika Studiecentrum in Leiden, Holland, while on a recent visit to South Africa, approached the Chairman of the Institute, Professor Hansi Pollak, with a tentative proposal that the two organisations should embark on a joint project in the fields of economics and social anthropology. This promising possibility is actively under consideration in both establishments at present, but as nothing has yet become final, will also have to be reported on more fully at a later date.

OTHER ACTIVITIES:Meetings Attended.

Apart from the Annual Council Meeting of the South African Institute of Race Relations which was attended on behalf of the Institute by Dr. Davies in January, several meetings of the Natal Regional Committee of this body have been attended during the year, as well as two meetings of the South African Market Research Association.

Sales of Institute Publications.

Total sales of publications over the past year have amounted to 40 copies being equivalent to the sum of R120.00. This represents an improvement over previous years. However, a sum of only R75 roughly, has been actually received from customers who seem to need reminding that we do not run a charity. We propose to despatch further accounts and reminders, but it is likely that some bad debts will remain. This problem will be given further consideration. The obvious solution of requesting payment before delivery has to be weighed against the possibility of a reduced distribution and resulting loss of publicity.

The Institute has actively assisted in the advertisement of the book "Problems of Transition", based on the proceedings of the Social Sciences Research Conference held in the University of Natal, Durban, 1962,

where a large volume of sales will allow the Institute to recover some of the money (R490.00) spent on its publication. The Institute was responsible for one-third of the production costs, while the Natal University Press contributed two-thirds; the arrangement being that the proceeds should be divided evenly however.

The Institute has tried circularising all the delegates to the Conference in an effort to induce them to buy "Problems of Transition". This has had a very poor response.

At present the Institute is preparing a small, eye-catching pamphlet which will offer a brief description of the Institute and display the list of publications. It is hoped to boost sales somewhat in this way.

New Appointments and Staff Changes.

The previous Director of the Institute, Professor L. T. Badenhorst, resigned his post to become Marketing Research Director of SANLAM, a position he assumed on the 1st of April of this year.

Professor Badenhorst's departure has been a tremendous loss to the Institute, and has been very keenly felt by all of us over the past months.

A new Director has been appointed in the person of Dr. Hilstan Watts, Senior Lecturer in Sociology at Rhodes University, who is to assume duty here in January of 1965. Dr. Watts, who was previously attached to

Natal University, is a man of considerable experience in Social Research and I am sure that the Institute can look forward to increased success under his stewardship.

I would like to take the opportunity on behalf of the staff of the Institute, of congratulating Dr. Watts on his appointment, and to express our sincere regret that he was unable to attend this meeting today, due to the pressure of work as Examinations Officer in Grahamstown.

LIBRARY:

The Institute's reference library has been added to slightly during the course of the year. Additions have been limited to essential reference works such as the latest census reports and works relating to particular studies which are unobtainable locally. A noteworthy addition is a copy of the report on the National Readership Survey conducted by Market Research Africa. This work was generously donated free of charge by the Newspaper Press Union. It costs R200.00 to purchase.

FINANCE:

The detailed statement of income and expenditure for the period 1/1/1964 to 30/9/1964 is presented in part II of this report. The monthly balance sheets on which the statement is based were prepared by the Treasurer of the Institute, Mr. Lyle.

A glance at the financial statement will suggest that certain ongoing research projects have very low credit balances, or debit balances. This is due to the fact that the statement does not reflect the second instalments of funds for the current year which were received after 30/9/1964.

The studies to which this applies and the amount of the second instalment are given below:

<u>Study</u>	<u>Second Instalment</u>
Cognition Study	R1555.00
Domestic Servants Project	860.00
Image of the Sugar Industry) ($\frac{1}{2}$ of the second instalment))	3750.00
Tongaland Project	1510.00

In the previous Annual Report, the Director gave a summary of funds available for research and other activities during 1964 and thereafter. The total sum amounted to some R62,000.00

I do not propose to present a similar summary since the position has been changed only by wholly anticipated spending on current research projects. Most of the funds available are completely committed to ongoing studies and cannot be regarded as "capital".

The funds in the Carnegie, Ford and Oppenheimer accounts, as well as in the Director's and General accounts, do however, represent capital which could be employed for developing the Institute as regards books and capital equipment, and for the sponsoring of new research projects, by making grants available to members.

The balances of these accounts at present are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Balance (30/9/64)</u>
Carnegie Fund	R2080.83
Ford Foundation Grant	973.68
Oppenheimer Fund	751.58
Director's Account	1030.58
General Account	<u>2366.44</u>
	<u>R7203.11</u>

NOTE: The Departmental allocation is not included above since this is intended to cover only the normal running expenses.

Looking at the total amount available, one notes that the Institute is not bankrupt; but, on the other hand, it has not the financial strength in the appropriate accounts to sponsor even one study on a satisfactory scale or to meet the expenses of another large conference without seriously depleting its resources.

This, to my mind, serves to emphasise the necessity for conducting more commissioned research on private funds where some measure of profit can accrue; if not the need to think seriously about other means of fund raising.

CONCLUSION:

In concluding, I should like to take the opportunity of expressing my gratitude to Professor Pollak, the Chairman of the Institute, for her unstinted help and support over the past months. I would like to thank Professor Horwood, the previous Chairman, as well, who was particularly helpful in the early stages of the year, when I was finding my feet, as it were. My thanks as well to the other members of the Committee of Control for their assistance and unflagging interest in the activities of the Institute.

Throughout the year, the members of the research staff of the Institute have worked hard and efficiently without exception, and have gone about their tasks with a minimum of fuss and bother, which has made the administration of their projects a pleasure.

In particular, I want to express my sincere appreciation to Mrs. Nancy Pratt, the secretary of the Institute, who is more than a good secretary. She has in many ways been the backbone of the Institute, and her unfailing patience in the face of last minute requests and urgent typing has been remarkable.

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PART II
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FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Details of expenditure from the 1st January, 1964,
until the 30th September, 1964.

CARNEGIE FUND

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R2080.83
Balance in hand	R2080.83		
	<u>2080.83</u>		<u>2080.83</u>

COGNITION STUDY

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R369.52
To Salaries	R1800.00	Received (N.C.S.R)	1600.00
Travelling,			
field exp. and			
minor equip. }	109.98		
Other equipment	30.25		
Interpreters fees	105.00		
	<u>2045.23</u>		
Debit balance	- 75.71		
	<u>1969.52</u>		<u>1969.52</u>

DEPARTMENTAL GRANT

		Received	R660.00
To Dup. printing		Donation: cost of	
& stationary	R191.12	service of data	
Maintenance of		processing equip.	156.00
equipment	223.23	Sale of typewriter	80.00
Purchase of			
new equipment	359.43		
Travelling:			
Director &			
Acting Director	23.17		
Books & Documents	13.16		
Miscellaneous	3.15		
	<u>813.26</u>		
Balance in hand	82.74		
	<u>896.00</u>		<u>896.00</u>

DIRECTOR'S ACCOUNT

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R1153.10
To travelling & subsistence (Prof. Badenhorst)	R112.52		
Refectory charges	10.00		
	<u>R122.52</u>		
Balance in hand	1030.58		
	<u>1153.10</u>		<u>1153.10</u>

DOMESTIC SERVANTS PROJECT

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R8.31
To Salaries -		Received (N.C.S.R)	900.00
Miss Gumede	R340.00		
Travelling	12.28		
Printing & Sta.	4.50		
Gifts to informants	7.90		
	<u>364.68</u>		
Balance in hand	543.63		
	<u>908.31</u>		<u>908.31</u>

DURBAN NON-EUROPEAN CHILDREN'S FUND PLANNING SURVEY

		Cash received Feb.	R2000.00
		Sep.	2000.00
To Salaries -			
Mrs. McGhee and			
Miss Young	R2499.94		
Travelling and subsistence	275.42		
Interviewing Ass.	67.00		
Clerical ass.	29.62		
Printing & Sta.	16.99		
	<u>2888.97</u>		
Balance in hand	1111.03		
	<u>4000.00</u>		<u>4000.00</u>

FORD FOUNDATION GRANT

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R1082.19
To subscriptions:			
SABRA	R20.00		
SAIRR	21.00		
Conference travel-			
ling & subsis.			
Acting Director	28.73		
Conference fees:			
Miss Thompson	16.15		
Purchase of books			
and periodicals	22.63		
	108.51		
Balance in hand	973.68		
	1082.19		1082.19

GENERAL ACCOUNT

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R2783.65
To printing, binding		Transferred from:	
& stationery	R201.14	Sparks Estate	80.72
Duplicating ass.	151.60	Sales of publications	68.91
Typing & clerical		Interest from	
assistance	219.20	money invested	271.25
Travelling and		Journal entry (amount	
subsistence	143.42	incorrectly debited	
Advance on funds		in previous fin.	
applied for:	60.60	year)	15.09
(J.L. Torres)			
Petty cash	24.21		
Service & repairs	27.30		
Expenses: (postage			
& sundries.			
A.J.B. Hughes)	8.92		
Purchase of insecti-			
cides & sundries	16.79		
	853.18		
Balance in hand	2366.44		
	3219.62		3219.62

INDIAN INDUSTRIAL WORKER: ATTITUDE SURVEY

To Salaries	R1350.00	Received (N.C.S.R.)	
Travelling	103.30	June	R1500.00
Printing & stationery	12.31	September	1180.00
	<hr/>		
	1465.61		
Balance in hand	1214.39		
	<hr/>		
	2680.00		<hr/>
	<hr/>		2680.00
			<hr/>

OPPENHEIMER FUND

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R1241.81
To Natal Witness			
Printers: Production of "Problems of Transition"			
Printing & material	R486.67		
Cover blocks	3.56		
	<hr/>		
	490.23		
Balance in hand	751.58		
	<hr/>		
	1241.81		<hr/>
	<hr/>		1241.81
			<hr/>

PRESTIGE OF OCCUPATIONS IN SOUTH AFRICA

		Received from	
		N.C.S.R.: July	R2500.00
To materials	R7.31	August	2500.00
	<hr/>		
	7.31		
Balance in hand	4992.69		
	<hr/>		
	5000.00		<hr/>
	<hr/>		5000.00
			<hr/>

SPARKS ESTATE SURVEY

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R164.08
To typing	R28.33		
Printing and stationery	28.73		
Binding	22.30		
Duplicating exp.	4.00		
	<hr/>		
	88.36		
Transferred to General account	80.72		
	<hr/>		
	164.08		<hr/>
	<hr/>		<hr/>
			164.08
			<hr/>
			<hr/>

SUGAR INDUSTRY: PUBLIC IMAGE SURVEY.

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	R7300.04
To Fieldwork expenses.			
(International Consumer Research)	R6025.00		
Travelling and subsistence	231.28		
Recording tapes	25.13		
Purchase of books	35.11		
Clerical ass.	75.71		
Translation fee	10.00		
Printing and sta.	2.02		
library charges	.50		
	<hr/>		
	6404.75		
Balance in hand	895.29		
	<hr/>		
	7300.04		<hr/>
	<hr/>		<hr/>
			7300.04
			<hr/>
			<hr/>

SUICIDE STUDY

		Received (N.C.S.R.)	
To Salaries: Paid by -		July	R350.00
F. Meer	R255.00	September	350.00
Clerical and statistical ass.	211.00		
Printing & sta.	36.58		
	<hr/>		
	502.58		
Balance in hand	197.42		
	<hr/>		
	700.00		700.00
	<hr/>		<hr/>

TONGALAND STUDY

		Received (N.C.S.R.)	
To Salary:		June	R1600.00
W. S. Felgate	R1350.00		
Interpreters fees	127.75		
Travelling - supervision	30.70		
W. S. Felgate	97.64		
Maps, documents and books	28.90		
Field equipment	25.98		
	<hr/>		
	1660.97		
Debit balance -	60.97		
	<hr/>		
	1600.00		1600.00
	<hr/>		<hr/>

UMGENI, UMBILO, UMLAZI CATCHMENT AREA SURVEY

		Balance B/F 1/1/64	
To typing	R82.00		R393.82
Printing & Sta.	23.65		
	<hr/>		
	105.65		
Balance in hand	288.17		
	<hr/>		
	393.82		393.82
	<hr/>		<hr/>

Appendix 'A'

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

<u>Year</u>		<u>Price</u>
1955	Social Science Conference Report, July 1954, <u>Research Needs and Priorities in the Social Sciences</u>	R0.50
1956	<u>The Baumannville Community - A Study of the Family Life of Urban Africans.</u>	Out of print
1957	Social Science Conference Report, July 1956, <u>Problems arising from the Structure and Functioning of a Multi-Racial Society.</u>	R1.75
1957	J. W. Mann, <u>The Problem of the Marginal Personality: A Psychological Study of a Coloured Group.</u>	R3.00
1957	N. Naidoo, <u>The Cliffdale Indian Community.</u>	Not for sale
1958	J.F. Holleman, <u>Challenge and Response</u> (Report on the 1958 SABRA Conference).	Not for sale
1958	J.F. Holleman, <u>The Tightrope Dancers</u> (Report on the 1958 Conference of Administrators of Non-European Affairs.	R0.25
1958	J. W. Mann, "Group Relations and the Marginal Personality" in <u>Human Relations</u> Vol. XI, No. 1, 1958.	Not for sale
1958	B.G.M. Sundkler, <u>The Concept of Christianity in the African Independent Churches.</u>	R0.25
1958	C.C. Turpin, <u>Contract Law and the Community.</u>	R0.15
1958	B. Huntley, <u>Practical Problems of Township Planning.</u>	R0.10
1959	H. F. Dickie-Clark, <u>Sparks Estate - A Study of a Coloured Group.</u>	Not for sale
1959	C. Papp, <u>Study of African Preferences in Advertising.</u>	Not for sale
1959	C. Ramphal, <u>An Investigation into Mental Efficiency in an Indian Afternoon School.</u>	Not for Sale
1959	<u>Swaziland Pilot Survey: (a) Demography, C.J.Jooste.</u>	Out of Print
	(b) <u>Wage Employment,</u> J. B. McI. Daniel.	Out of Print

1960	J.F. Holleman, <u>African Marriage at the Cross Roads</u> (See Articles in <u>Journal of Racial Affairs</u> Vol.II, No.2, 1960, and in <u>Race Relations Journal</u> , Vol XXVII, No. 4, 1960 and Vol. XXVIII, Nos. 1 and 2, 1961).	Out of print
1960	<u>Swaziland Sample Survey: 1st Preliminary Report (Rural Areas)</u>	R0.25
	<u>2nd Preliminary Report (Urban/Peri-Urban Areas)</u>	R0.40
1960	J.F. Holleman and S. Biesheuvel, <u>Attitudes of the White Mineworkers Community on the Copperbelt.</u> (In three parts).(Confidential Report)	Not for sale
1961	J.F. Holleman, J.W. Mann and P.L. van den Berghe, <u>A Rhodesian White Minority Under Threat.</u> (See article in <u>Journal of Social Psychology</u> , 1962, 57 315-338).	R0.40
1961	J.F. Holleman and S. Biesheuvel, <u>Attitudes of the White Mineworkers Community at Broken Hill.</u> (Confidential Report)	Not for sale
1961	J. F. Hollenan, <u>The Great Purge.</u> (Report on the 1961 SABRA Conference)	R0.40
1961	C. Ramphal, <u>Study of Three Current Problems of Indian Education</u> (in three parts).	R4.00
1961	M. J. Russell, <u>Study of a South African Interracial Neighbourhood.</u>	R3.00
1962	J.F. Holleman (Editor) <u>Report on the 1960 Swaziland Sample Survey.</u>	Out of Print
1962	Margo Russell, <u>Unemployment among Indians in Durban, 1962.</u> (Xero-graphed report)	R0.50
1962	J.B. McI. Daniel, <u>The Geography of the Rural Economy of Swaziland.</u> (Part I: Text; Part II: Atlas of 60 maps).	R5.00
1962	Sonya Jones, <u>A Study of Swazi Nutrition.</u>	R3.50
1962	A.J.B. Hughes, <u>Some Swazi Views on Land Tenure</u> (See article in <u>Africa</u> , Vol. XXXII, No. 3, July 1962).	out of print
1962	J. F. Holleman, <u>Cash, Cattle or Women - A Conflict of Concepts in a Dual Economy.</u>	R0.35
1962	J. W. Mann, <u>Race-Linked Values in South Africa.</u> (See article in <u>Journal of Social Psychology</u> , 1962, 58, 31-41).	Out of print

Director's Annual Reports:

	1954 - 1955	Out of print
	1955 - 1956	Out of print
	1956 - 1957	Out of print
	1957 - 1958	Out of print
	1958 - 1959	Out of print
	1959 - 1960	Out of print
	1960 - 1961	R0.25
	1961 - 1962	R0.25
	1963	R0.25
1963	L. T. Badenhorst, <u>Report on the Future Population of the Witwatersrand and the Probable Fresh Meat Requirements - 1960-2000.</u> (Confidential Report)	Not for sale
1963	J. W. Mann and C. O. Murray, <u>Relational Distortions in a simple Illusion</u> (See article in <u>Psychologia Africana</u> , Vol. 10, No. 2, December 1963, 73-88.	Out of print
1963	B. Magubane, <u>Sport and Politics in an Urban African Community - A Case Study of African Voluntary Organizations</u>	R2.00
1964	J.F. Holleman (Ed), <u>Experiment in Swaziland, Report of the Swaziland Sample Survey 1960,</u> Oxford University Press, Cape Town, 1964.	
1964	J.A.B. Hughes, <u>Swazi Land Tenure.</u>	R3.50
1964	J.F. Holleman (Ed), <u>Problems of Transition. Proceedings of the Social Sciences Research Conference, July, 1962,</u> Natal University Press, 1964.	
1964	J. Laredo, <u>Patterns of Socio-Economic Transition in a Bantu Reserve.</u>	R2.00
1964	G. Breese, <u>Urbanization in Old and New Countries.</u> (Xerographed Report)	R0.50
1964	G. Breese, <u>Problems of Urbanization</u>	R0.50

- 1964 H. F. Dickie-Clark, The Marginal Situation
- A Sociological Study of a Coloured Group. R3.50
- 1964 Theresa E. Vieyra Currin, The Roman Catholic
Indian Minority, with special emphasis on the
Sociological aspects of Conversion R3.50
- 1964 L. Schlemmer; The Public Image of the
South African Sugar Industry. Report No. 1.
A Discussion of the Concept of Image as
applied to Industry and the results of a
preliminary study conducted in Johannesburg.
(Confidential Report) Not for
sale.
- 1964 Fatima Meer; A Sociological Analysis of
Suicide in Durban between the years
1924 - 1960. R3.50



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